The seven countries that form part of the Comprehensive Regional Protection and Solutions Framework (MIRPS) for Central America and Mexico presented progress made to address the forced displacement crisis in their region and defined priorities for the year ahead during the group's third annual meeting.

Facing a growing number of people forced to flee in Central America and Mexico, MIRPS countries – Belize, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico and Panama – took stock of the current context and identified much needed policies at the national and regional levels to offer comprehensive solutions on protection, education, health, jobs and livelihoods to those forcibly displaced in the region.

Violence and persecution have forced nearly one million people in Central America to flee within or across the borders of their countries. These include some 833,000 people from northern Central America and an additional 108,000 from Nicaragua.

The root causes that have prompted this forced displacement crisis, coupled with the intrinsic challenges of local integration, have been severely exacerbated by the emergencies of COVID-19 and recent tropical storms that caused widespread damage.

In this context, the MIRPS is well-placed as a political and operational instrument to respond to critical humanitarian and development needs of hundreds of thousands of people, including those forced to flee and their host communities.

Third Annual Meeting:
Central America and Mexico reaffirm commitment to address the needs of hundreds of thousands forced to flee

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MIRPS IN ACTION: AREAS OF QUANTIFICATION

In light of the challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic, the PPT supported a strategic orientation process with each MIRPS State mid-year. The aim was to identify priority investment areas amongst the respective national MIRPS commitments, in light of the new public health context, to and support engagement with strategic partners and the mobilization of additional resources. The outcome of these sessions informed the second phase of the quantification exercise, an initiative led by each MIRPS country to strengthen national planning.

With the support of the Technical Secretariat, the quantification exercise made it possible to define precise activities and exact financial resources required for implementing identified priority focus areas, which provided a basis for an evidence-based national dialog within each MIRPS country, and externally with other relevant national partners.

In this regard, MIRPS States are developing national funding strategies to align identified gaps to potential financing sources through international cooperation. Spaces such as the MIRPS Support Platform and MIRPS Voluntary Fund of the OEA are key mechanisms for the coordination of support required by individual States.

In addition, MIRPS States developed concept notes related to the following interventions, aligned with national commitments and pledges made at the Global Refugee Forum.

**MEXICO**
- Strengthening schools in the public education system in host communities in southern Mexico
- Strengthening first level health care in the state of Chiapas, Mexico

**BELIZE**
- Establish demand-driven technical and vocational training in key economic sectors associated with climate change, benefiting refugees, asylum seekers, migrants and Belizean youth

**HONDURAS**
- Guaranteeing a harmonized approach to provide long term solutions such as access to work and social protection

**EL SALVADOR**
- Improve the technical, inclusive, and operational capacity of the Salvadoran educational system to support the rights of the forcibly displaced population
- Expand opportunities of access to work and sources of livelihood to encourage self-reliance of people who have been forcibly displaced in El Salvador
- Strengthen the capacity of the National Health System to provide better health and psychosocial services to forcibly displaced people in El Salvador

**GUATEMALA**
- Creation of specialized, differentiated, safe, and decent reception conditions
- Strengthening institutions that govern the protection of children and adolescents in border areas
- Public-private sectors alliances for the inclusion of refugees and refugee applicants in Guatemala into the workforce

**PANAMA**
- Expanding Social Coverage to Meet the Basic Needs of Vulnerable Refugees and Applicants for Refugee Status

**COSTA RICA**
- Voluntary temporary insurance for asylum seekers and refugees in Costa Rica
- Social Protection of the Populations with International Protection Needs through Services Provided by the Social Welfare Institute (IMAS)
- Institutional strengthening to support the refugee and migrant population in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic

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**Quantification of MIRPS commitments**
- Total requirement $63,152,181
- Total gap $54,479,442

| Protection | Total requirement $3,813,551 | Total gap $1,345,162 |
| Education | Total requirement $18,008,112 | Total gap $16,494,551 |
| Child protection | Total requirement $236,494 | Total gap $232,208 |
| Social protection | Total requirement $33,438,117 | Total gap $28,584,491 |
| Health | Total requirement $4,638,422 | Total gap $4,495,211 |
| Jobs and livelihoods | Total requirement $3,331,715 | Total gap $3,327,819 |
REGIONAL COORDINATION: THE PRO-TEMPORE PRESIDENCY IN 2020

PROTECTION

Asylum systems
Create partnerships with cooperating states to provide technical assistance, particularly to establish national registration systems.

Internal displacement
Creation of a Working Group to guide activities and actions for interested states on Internal Displacement established 3 sessions on registration and information systems, budget planning and development.

Follow up bilateral meetings between Mexico, Honduras and El Salvador with the expert panel.

MIRPS countries identified specific areas that require bilateral cooperation. Spain facilitated a virtual training on the management of asylum claims and the integration of refugees for key government staff.

DURABLE SOLUTIONS

Local governments
Create partnerships to expand the number of Cities in Solidarity hosting displaced people 21 alliances confirmed in the region.

Costa Rica: San José, Escazú, Curridabat, Desamparados, Upala, Los Chiles, Montes de Ocas
Guatemala: San Marcos, Huehuetenango, Quetzaltenango, Esquipulas, Flores, San Benito, National Association of Municipalities
Honduras: San Pedro Sula
El Salvador: San Salvador, Santa Ana, Zacatecoluca, La Unión
Mexico: Saltillo
Panama: Panama City

Private sector
Increase private sector partnerships to generate employment opportunities and facilitate integration within host communities.

Partnerships with finance, tourism, environmental sectors to promote durable solutions for displaced persons.

The mapping of relevant actors is ongoing.

RESOURCE MOBILIZATION

To provide a basis for dialog among MIRPS countries and their Support Platform members, each MIRPS country elaborated concept notes in selected focus areas that explain in detail the following: context, objectives, specific measures, implementing partners, and budget estimates, in order to provide funding and specific assistance in the implementation of commitments.

A document containing all concept notes by country can be found here.

PARTNERSHIPS

Civil society
United Nations System
Regional Conference on Migration

VISIBILITY

New website is live
Under the coordination of the Pro-tempore Presidency, the MIRPS launched a new website that reflect the latest progress and updates.

Visit the website in English

With the support from

For more information contact Gavin David White, Regional Comprehensive Refugee Response Coordinator whiteg@unhcr.org